# Off with Her Head



# Year Group: 5/6 Cycle B Autumn Term 1

	Half Term Learning Focuses					
<b>History</b> The Tud <mark>ors</mark>	Science	D&T Tudor food and seasonality Climate/environment link – locally produced foods	<b>RE</b> What can we learn from religions about deciding what is right and wrong? Focus on Christianity, Judaism and Sikhism	Writing Genres Biography, Description, Playscript (Romeo and Juilet)		
Music	MfL Year 5: Introduction to Spanish Year 6: Introduction to Russian	<b>PSHE</b> Year 6 SCARE: Rules, Rights and Responsibilities and Caring for the Environment	<b>Computing</b> E Safety	Key Texts Eyewitness: Tudor Romeo and Juliet		
Hidden Curric	ulum:	nool —				

		His	tory		
National Curriculum	: Pupils should be				
	•	-	ends pupils' chronolo	gical knowledge beyon	d 1066
Key Lines of Enquiry:					
Curriculum Intention				0	
		different 'houses' or	families.		
	_	the period in which			
		-		it from Rome and the e	stablishment of the
C <mark>hurch of Englan</mark>	d				
		he reasons for each c			
		o <mark>nvert England to Cat</mark>			
<ul> <li>That there was vi</li> </ul>	<mark>olent con</mark> flict betv	vee <mark>n Protestants and</mark>	Catholics at this time	e, examining the causes	and effects of this
Age Re <mark>lated Subject :</mark>	<mark>Skills (Pro</mark> gressio	on G <mark>uidance):</mark>			
		-		<mark>history, local, Br</mark> itish ar	nd world
		tefacts <mark>on a time- lin</mark>	е		
		ibe even <mark>ts in the past</mark>			
				key terms appropriately	
				g key concepts in history	/
		l give rea <mark>sons for choi</mark>			
		ial to promote eviden by selecting and orgo		rical data	
				nd give reasons for this	
	-			ges within periods and	societies
	-	t why peop <mark>le in the p</mark>		ges mann perious and	
				ferent <mark>periods,</mark> e.g. soci	al, belief, local,
individual	5, ,				
• Give reasons w	hy some events, p	eople or d <mark>evelopmen</mark>	ts are seen as more si	gnificant than others	
rior L <mark>earning</mark>					
oreve <mark>r Firs children w</mark>	orking at ARE sho	uld alrea <mark>dy know:</mark>			
	_	differen <mark>t 'houses' or</mark>	families.		
	<mark>s or families we</mark> re i				
				was the last Tudor mor	
				ning some of the reaso	
Queen of Scots.	ling; Battle of Bosv	worth, war of the Ro	ses, defeat of the Spa	nish Armada and execu	ution of iviary
	idence can he inte	protected in different	vavs and that some t	ypes of evidence are m	ore reliable than
others.	dence can be inte	ipreted in different v	vays and that some t	ypes of evidence are in	
orever Firs children w	orking at ARE sho	uld already be able t	o:		
	-	acts on a time-line.			
• Use correct termi	nology to describe	events in the past.			
• Develop use of ap	propriate subject t	<mark>terminology</mark> , such as:	empire, civilisation, n	nonarch.	
<ul> <li>Ask and answer q</li> </ul>	uestions about the	<mark>e past, considerin</mark> g as	pects of change, caus	e, similarity and differe	nce and
si <mark>gnificance.</mark>					
		ers to questions consid			
		the past is constructed		urces.	
		y selecting relevant h		<b>C</b>	
		the past may exist an sults of historical eve			
				anges. g. social, belief, local, in	dividual
					aiviauai.
• Identijy und begin	to describe histor	rically significant peop			
	Juni 100		cabulary		
Tier	_		ier 2	Tie	
	Centuries	Monarch	Descendent Establish	Catholic Protestant	Rome Pope
King	\A/ivoc	Evidonee		PLOIPSIANT	PUND
King Queen	Wives Marriage	Evidence Execution		Tudor	rope
King	Wives Marriage Divorce	Evidence Execution Stake	Convert		rope

	History A	ssessment	
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## Science

	Science		
Nati	onal Curriculum (Knowledge): Pupils should be taught to:		
•	recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines		
•	use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects a	re seen because the	y give out or
	reflect light into the eye		
•	explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to o	our eyes or from ligh	nt sources to
	objects and then to our eyes		
•	use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows	have the same shap	e as the objects
	that cast them		
Natio	nal Curriculum (Skills): Pupils should be taught to:		
•	plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, includ	ling recognising and	controlling
	variables where necessary		C
•	take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with incre	asing accuracy and	precision, taking
	repeat readings when appropriate		
•	record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagr	ams and labels, <mark>c</mark> lass	sification keys,
	tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs		
•	identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute id	eas or arguments	
•	report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, car	<mark>usal relationships</mark> an	d explanations of
	and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as disp	lays and other prese	entations
•	use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative an	d fair tests	
High	er <mark>attaining pupils may also lear</mark> n that:		
	light travels as waves but also as particle <mark>s, and tha</mark> t this is the basis o	<mark>f Einstein's qua</mark> ntum	n theory
Prior	Learning		
Forev	e <mark>r Firs children working at ARE s</mark> hould alre <mark>ady be able to:</mark>		
•	r <mark>ecognise that they need light in</mark> order to <mark>see things and that the</mark> dark	is the abs <mark>en</mark> ce of lig	ht
•	n <mark>otice that light is reflected fro</mark> m surfaces		
•	r <mark>ecognise that light from the su</mark> n can be dangerous and that there are		
•	r <mark>ecognise that shadows are for</mark> med whe <mark>n the light from a light source</mark>	s blocked by a solid	object
•	f <mark>ind patterns in the way that t</mark> he size of <mark>shadows changes</mark>		
•	a <mark>sk relevant questions and u</mark> se differen <mark>t types of scientific enquiries to</mark>	<mark>answer th</mark> em	
•	set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests		
•	make systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, tak		ments using
	standard units, using a range of equi <mark>pment, including thermometers a</mark>		
•	record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled dia		
•	gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in		
•	identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific	•	
•	report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanation	ons, displays or pres	entations of
	results and conclusions		
•	use straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to supp	-	
•	use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new value	es, suggest improver	ments and raise
	further questions		
	Key Vocabulary	1	
	Tier 1 Tier 2	-	er 3
	Light Shadow Reflection/ Surfaces	Waves	
	Dark Sun Reflected Source	Particles	
	Fair Eyes Prediction Observation		
	t <mark>raight Object Conclus</mark> ion Cast		
	Variables Relationship		
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# Design and Technology

National Curriculum: Pupils should be taught to:

- understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet
- prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
- understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed

Key Lines of Enquiry: What was the Tudor diet? What were the benefits and disadvantages compared to our diet today?

#### Curriculum Intentions – including climate/environmental link (key knowledge to be learned):

- Know that in the past, before the industrial revolution made the transport of food over long distances possible, people had to eat locally produced and seasonally grown fruit, vegetables and grain
- How food used to be preserved in Tudor times, and how we preserve food today
- Know which fruit, vegetables and grains are grown in England and at what time of year
- Know which fruit and vegetables have to be grown outside of the UK due to the climate and/or seasonal restrictions
- Know how and where different types of meat come from e.g. which animals, and different types of farming and fishing methods there are including cage/battery/intensive meat production, free range, organic and sustainable fishing methods
- Understand the impact that food production, transport and storage has on the environment e.g. carbon footprints, over-fishing, production of plastic packaging, use of anti-biotics and pesticides, reduction of biodiversity and deforestation for the creation of agricultural land
- Understand sustainable and environmentally friendly alternatives to the above
- Understand that fresh produce is more healthy and nutritious than processed food, and differentiate between the two
- Learn where to find the ingredients on processed foods, and which ingredients are healthy/unhealthy
- Learn how to prepare vegetables and follow a recipe to make Tudor soup (pottage)
- Make suggestions for how to improve/adapt the pottage recipe, and review their adaptation

#### Age Related Subject Skills (Progression Guidance):

- Know that food is grown (such as tomatoes, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world
- Know that seasons may affect the food available
- Understand how food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking
- How to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a heat source
- How to use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, slicing, grating, mixing, spreading, kneading and baking
- Know that recipes can be adapted to change the appearance, taste, texture and aroma
- Know that different foods contain different substances nutrients, water and fibre that are needed for health
- Understand the need for correct storage
- Measure accurately
- Work out ratios in recipes

**Prior Learning** Forever Firs children working at ARE should already be able to:

#### Year 1/2 Objectives

- Know where food comes from
- Use appropriate equipment to weigh and measure ingredients
- Prepare simple dishes safely and hygienically, without using a heat source
- Use techniques such as cutting
- Name and sort foods into the five groups of t
- Know that everyone should eat at least five portions of fruit and vegetables every day

#### Year 3/4 Objectives

- Know that a healthy diet is made up from a variety and balance of different foods and drinks, as depicted in the 'eat well' plate
- Know that to be active and healthy, food is needed to provide energy for the body
- Measure using grams
- Follow a recipe

	Key Vocabulary							
	Tier 1			Line Di	er 2		Tie	er 3
Meat	Sheep	Soup	Peel	Sustainable	Nutrients	Ethical	Free-range	Biodiversity
Beef	Cow	Slice	Chop	Intensive	Nutritious	Climate	Organic	Agricultural
Pork	Pig	Mix	Grate	Texture	Processed	Preserve	Pottage	Anti-biotics
Lamb	Chicken	Unhealthy	Healthy	Aroma	Natural		Carbon-	Pesticides
Fish	Egg	Taste	Recipe	Local	Seasonal		footprint	Battery farm
Fruit	Veg <mark>etable</mark>	Soup	Farm	Ingredients	Hygiene		Abattoir	
		201	100	71				

	Design and Techn	ology Assessment	
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		RE					
<b>Key Line of Enquiry:</b> What can we lea Christianity, Judaism and Sikhism)	rn from religions a	bout deciding wh	nat is right and wr	ong? (focus on			
		1					
Curriculum Intentions (Key Knowledg Children will be able to:	e and Skills to be	learned)					
<ul> <li>identify personal, family, school</li> </ul>	ol values/codes fr	or living which inf	luence their own	hehaviour (e.g. FIRSV			
values)			idence their own				
	describe similarities and differences between the codes for living used by Christians and the followers of						
<ul> <li>reflect on how having a code to the second se</li></ul>	for living might he	lp believers with	difficult decisions				
<ul> <li>ask and respond to questions</li> </ul>							
and decisions in daily life							
<ul> <li>apply ideas about what really</li> </ul>	matters for them	selves, including i	deas about love, f	orgiveness, truth,			
consequences and honesty							
<ul> <li>reflect on and explain the con</li> </ul>	sequen <mark>ces of wha</mark>	it they say and do	o for other people	and respond sensitively			
to different needs and wants							
Children will also learn:							
<ul> <li>What the Ten Commandment</li> <li>Why the Ten Commandments</li> </ul>		sistian Piblo and i	n the Jowish Toral				
<ul> <li>Why the Ten Commandments (https://www.bbc.com/bitesi</li> </ul>		ISUAII DIDIE AIIU I	in the Jewish Tora	1			
<ul> <li>The seven deadly sins in Chris</li> </ul>		re them to the fiv	ve vices in Sikhism	1			
The seven deadly shis in emis	claimey and compe						
Prior Learning Forever Firs children working at ARE s	hould already be a	able to:					
	Key V	ocabulary					
Tier 1		Tier 2		Tier 3			
A <mark>nger Love</mark>	Lust	Gluttony	Vices	Sabbath			
S <mark>teal Forgiveness</mark>	Greed	Greed	Consequences	Commandments			
Murder Truth	Pride	Sloth	Code	Sikhism			
Father Honesty Mother Beliefs	Attachment	Wrath	Scripture	Judaism			
Mother Beliefs Choices Holy	Envy Covet	Adultery Neighbour	Values	Christianity Torah			
choices	Idol	Goods		Bible			
				Guru Granth Sahib			
		and the second s	<u>  </u>				
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Prin	nar	У					
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#### MFL

National Curriculum: Pupils should be taught to:

- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding
- explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help
- speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures
- develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases
- present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences
- read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
- appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
- broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary
- write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly
- describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing

#### Curriculum Intentions (Key Knowledge and Skills to be learned):

#### Year 5

- Pupils will learn about how gender is reflected in different languages including English, French, German and Spanish, also making links to other languages already spoken by pupils in the class
- Pupils will learn how word order varies in different languages (using a colour coded system such as Colourful Semantics to demonstrate this). Most languages are either SOV (including Latin, Urdu, German, Punjabi or SVO (including English, Romance languages, Czech and Russian)
- Pupils will learn about how to support new arrivals to the school and the skills required to be a 'Young Interpreter'
- Pupils will have an introduction to Spanish including;
  - countries where Spanish is spoken, the names of some of the other Romance languages (French, Italian, Romanian, Portuguese) and that Romance languages evolved from Latin in around 500-900 AD
  - how to greet others in Spanish and reply to questions (Hello/Goodbye, How are you? What's your name?)

#### Year 6

- Pupils will learn about the origins of writing and different world scripts
- Pupils will learn that different languages have different sound/symbol links
- Pupils will learn how to use dictionaries from other languages to work out pronunciations through the use of phonetic spellings
- Pupils will learn about how to support new arrivals to the school and the skills required to be a 'Young Interpreter'
- Pupils will have an introduction to Russian including;
  - countries where Russian is spoken, the names of some other East Slavic languages (Ukrainian, Belarusian) and some West Slavic languages (Polish, Slovak, Czech),
  - how to greet others and reply to questions (Hello/Goodbye, How are you? What's your name?)

#### Age Related Subject Skills (Progression Guidance):

#### Year 5 (applicable knowledge and skills in bold)

- Understand numbers in multiples of 10 up to 100
- Understand and give simple directions
- Say that they don't understand and ask for something to be repeated
- Give information
- Use short sentences when asking and answering questions

Prepare a short talking task alone or with a partner and present this with reasonable pronunciation

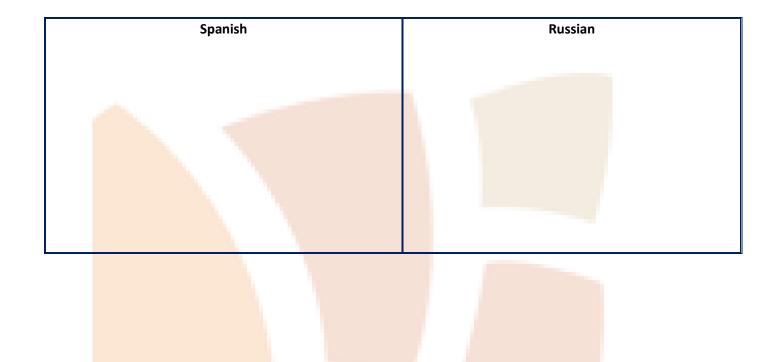
#### Year 6 (applicable knowledge and skills in bold)

Follow short descriptions in order to find specific information

# Devise and perform a short sketch in role play situation

- Demonstrate creativity and imagination in using known language in new contexts
- Listen attentively and understand more complex phrases and sentences
- Understand longer and more complex phrases or sentences
- Use spoken language confidently to initiate and sustain – conversations and to tell stories

•	Listen to a story or poem and identify key words	• Prepare a short presentation on a familiar topic
-	and phrases	Be understood when speaking in a different language
•	Show understanding of a short text containing	Use knowledge of word order and sentence
	familiar and unfamiliar language	construction to support the understanding of written
•	Retrieve information from a text	text
•	To make predictions based on existing knowledge	Read and understand the main points and some detail
•	Read aloud to a partner or small group	from a short-written passage
•	Write a simple poem	Read aloud with confidence
•	Write short sentences in a presentation or booklet	<ul> <li>Write sentences using some description</li> </ul>
•	Write simple instructions accurately	• Apply a range of linguistic knowledge to create simple,
•	Write sentences on a range of topics using a	written pi <mark>eces that can be under</mark> stood
	model	<ul> <li>Use dictionaries to support writing</li> </ul>
•	Use agreements of adjectives	<ul> <li>Understand and use negatives</li> </ul>
•	Manipulate language by changing an element in	<ul> <li>Recognise patterns in the foreign language</li> </ul>
	a sentence	<ul> <li>Present information about an aspect of culture</li> </ul>
•	Look at further aspects of everyday lives from	Compare and contrast countries where language is
	the perspective of someone from another	spoken with this country
	country	<ul> <li>Investigate famous people / events from the chosen</li> </ul>
•	Learn about places of interest/ importance within	country to be studied
	the county studied	Investigate cultural differences
	Pric	or Learning
Year 5	Forever Firs pupils working at ARE should	Year 6 Forev <mark>er Firs pupils working a</mark> t ARE should already
alread	y be able to:	be able to:
•	Identify and pronounce accurately the	<ul> <li>See Year 5 progression statements above</li> </ul>
	names of some countries and towns	Recall that German has four more letters than the
•	Sing a song from memory on a related topic	English alphabet and the sounds that these make
•	Listen with care	Recall and compare greetings in German, Slovak
•	Ask and answer simple questions with	and Roma
	correct intonation	
•	Remember a sequence of spoken words	
	Speak clearly and confidently Initiate a conversation when working with a	
-		
	partner	
•	Understand words displayed in the	
	classroom	
•	Write familiar words and simple p <mark>hrases</mark>	
	from a model	
•	Identify phonemes that are the same as or	
	different from English or other languages they	
	know	
•	know Identify counties where selected language	
•	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken	
•	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected	
•	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities	
•	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities	abulary (English)
•	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities	
• • 	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities Key Voca Tier 1	abulary (English) Tier 2 Tier 3
	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities Key Voca Tier 1	abulary (English) Tier 2 Tier 3 ation Greeting Romance
	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities Key Voca Tier 1 Anguage Hello Verbal	abulary (English) Fier 2 Tier 3 Tion Greeting Romance Translator languages
G	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities Key Voca Tier 1 Anguage Hello oodbye	abulary (English) Tier 2 Tier 3 ation Greeting Romance Translator languages Subject Slavic languages
G	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities Key Voca Tier 1 Anguage Hello oodbye ireeting	abulary (English) Tier 2 Tier 3 Translator Subject Verb
G	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities Key Voca Tier 1 Anguage Hello oodbye reeting Wave Communication Alphabet Pronunciation	abulary (English) Fier 2 Tier 3 Tier 5 Tier 5 Tie
G	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities Key Voca Tier 1 Anguage Hello oodbye reeting Wave Communication Alphabet Pronunciation Interpreter	abulary (English) Tier 2 Tier 3 Translator Subject Verb Object Gender
G	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities Key Voca Tier 1 Anguage Hello oodbye reeting Wave Communication Alphabet Pronunciation	abulary (English) Fier 2 Tier 3 Tier 5 Tier 5 Tie
G	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities Key Voca Tier 1 Anguage Hello oodbye reeting Wave Communication Alphabet Pronunciation Interpreter Origins	abulary (English) Tier 2 Tier 3 Tion Greeting Translator Subject Verb Object Gender Scripts
G	know Identify counties where selected language is spoken Investigate aspects of lifestyle in selected country e.g. food or leisure activities Key Voca Tier 1 Anguage Hello oodbye reeting Wave Communication Alphabet Pronunciation Interpreter Origins	abulary (English) Tier 2 Tier 3 Translator Subject Verb Object Gender



# Firs Primary School –

	MFL Ass	essment	
Children working below ARE	Children working towards ARE	Children working at ARE	Children working above ARE
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### Computing

National Curriculum: Pupils should be taught about:

• use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/ unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact

#### Key Lines of Enquiry: How can we keep safe online?

#### Curriculum Intentions (Key Knowledge to be learned):

- Pupils will learn some of the risks of using the internet (<u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_o8auwnJtqE</u>)
- They will learn how to reduce the risks of online behavior
- They will be able to identify a range of social networking sites and apps and their purposes (including; Facebook, Twitter, Instgram, Youtube, Whatsapp, Snapchat), and know that they should not access social media sites due to the age restrictions as well as how to protect themselves on social media sites (eg using privacy settings) <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ecr6OJmT3Mg</u>
- They will learn that images shared online can reveal personal information e.g. if you are wearing school uniform
- The<mark>y will learn how to protect their online reputation and conside</mark>r the consequences of posting inappropriate content
- They understand what cyberbullying is and who to speak to if they are victims of cyberbullying http://www.digizen.org/resources/cyberbullying/films/uk/lfit-film.aspx
- Children will be able to identify who they should talk to online <u>https://www.esafety.gov.au/access/games\_index.html</u>
- Children will be able to recognise the risks of playing online games and how to protect themselves
- They will learn that not everything on the internet is true and that they should check several sources to verify information (use hoax websites <u>http://webfronter.com/rbkc/tomatospider</u>, <u>www.thedogisland.com</u>, <u>http://stopabductions.com</u> and hard to believe true news stories to illustrate the point)
- The will review and edit online safety rules
- They will learn what copyright is and what is meant by plagiarism. They will learn how this affects what they can and can't download/use from the internet
- They learn what spam is and how to deal with it

#### Age Related Subject Skills (Progression Guidance):

- Pupils learn that the internet is a great place where online relationships can be developed. They compare and contrast online friends and real life, face to face friends and learn how to respond if an online friend asks them a personal question
- Pupils learn to create secure passwords for their accounts, learn about spam and how to deal with it, and decode website privacy policies, understanding the implications for the information that they share online
- Pupils explore their roles as digital citizens in an online community, where they reflect on their responsibilities and learn that good digital citizens are responsible and respectful in the digital world
- Pupils begin to explore the nature of online audiences and permanency of information online. They begin to understand the significance of published information and personal information
- Pupils understand what it means to be a good digital citizen as they interact with others online by understanding how to prevent and respond to cyberbullying. They also learn how to communicate effectively to prevent miscommunication in order to be a responsible member of a connected culture
- Pupils begin to consider the impact of their online presence on their own self- image and the way others see them and explore how to construct a positive online profile
- Pupils learn the 'do's and don'ts' of copying and pasting information to avoid plagiarism. They learn how to avoid plagiarism by putting information in their own words, putting excerpted information into quotes, and providing citations. They learn to show respect for other people's creations by giving them credit

#### Prior Learning

#### Forever Firs children working at ARE should already know:

- Pupils learn that the Internet is a great place to develop rewarding online relationships and learn to recognise websites that are good for them to visit; but they also learn to be cautious and to check with a trusted adult before sharing private information
- Pupils learn to make good passwords for their accounts, learn about spam and how to deal with it. They begin to understand the implications for the information that they share online and how some websites might use that information without their knowledge
- Pupils are introduced to their roles as digital citizens in an online community, where they reflect on how they are responsible not only for themselves but for others, in order to create a safe and comfortable environment
- Pupils learn that the Internet is a public space and then develop the skills to protect their privacy and respect the privacy of others
- Pupils explore how they interact with others and are introduced to the concept of cyberbullying. They also learn how to

r 1	Tio						
	l le	er 2			Tier 3		
Website Safety	Social media		Reputation Password		Copyright		Facebook Cyberbullying
Personal information Consequence	Age restriction Plagiarism Sources Verify Images Hoax		Account Privacy Settings Spam Junk		Snapchat Whatsapp		Cyberbullying
		Personal information Consequence Verify Images	Safety Social networking Personal information Consequence Plagiarism Sources Verify Images	SafetySocial networkingPasswordPersonal information ConsequenceAge restriction PlagiarismAccount PrivacySources VerifySettings Spam Images	SafetySocial networkingPasswordPersonal information ConsequenceAge restriction PlagiarismAccount PrivacySourcesSettings VerifySpam Junk	SafetySocial networkingPasswordYoutubePersonal information ConsequenceAge restrictionAccountSnapchatPlagiarismPrivacyWhatsappSourcesSettingsVerifySpamImagesJunk	SafetySocial networkingPasswordYoutubePersonal informationAge restrictionAccountSnapchatConsequencePlagiarismPrivacyWhatsappSourcesSettingsVerifySpamImagesJunk

Computing Assessment			
Children working below ARE	Children working towards ARE	Children working at ARE	Children working above ARE
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Primary			
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