

## **Thursday 18<sup>th</sup> June**

**PE with Joe** – <https://www.youtube.com/user/thebodycoach1>

**Cosmic yoga** - <https://www.youtube.com/user/CosmicKidsYoga/videos>

**Speed sound session** – The children are very familiar with the RWI routines. Play the video for your set and you will see, they know what to do!

Set 1 - [https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCo7fbLgY2oA\\_cFCIg9GdxtQ](https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCo7fbLgY2oA_cFCIg9GdxtQ)

Set 2 – all set 2 sounds

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XdxX\\_13DEz8&list=PLDe74j1F52zTYEYHmhC68VV\\_LVvzu-imu](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XdxX_13DEz8&list=PLDe74j1F52zTYEYHmhC68VV_LVvzu-imu)

Set 3 – ai

Speed sound session: <https://youtu.be/uFAtnDUkvvY>

Fred finger and hold a sentence: <https://youtu.be/1M6LHqZ9PSA>

**Maths** – See Below.

**Reading** - Read one of your favourite books to you parent/carer. If you have ran out of books, log on to your myon.co.uk and find a book from there! Ask your teacher on class dojo if you aren't sure of your username or password.

**English** – Talk 4 Writing See below

**Story time** – The Register by Michael Rosen <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w9vELG-jSHs>

**Topic** See below

## Thursday 18<sup>th</sup> June

**Thursday – English** – Using a dictionary can you find the definition of the following words from your fact sheet about Rainbows. Use this online dictionary to help you if you don't have a paper copy.

Word	Definition
Arc	
Horizon	
Spectrum	
Illusion	
Optical	

Can you put these words in different sentences?

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**Tuesday 9<sup>th</sup> June**

**Thursday – Maths**

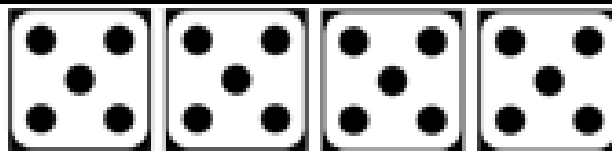
## Tuesday 9<sup>th</sup> June

Date	18.06.20
Subject/s	Maths
L.O. 	To use the multiplication symbol.



Success Criteria 	I can write the repeated addition. $2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 10$	
	I know "x" means lots of or groups of	
	I can write the multiplication sentence. $5 \times 3 =$	

### Teacher Led example





Repeated addition

$$5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 20$$

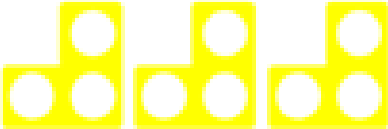
Multiplication sentence  $4 \times 5 = 20$

### Fluency 1

	Add it ____ + ____ + ____ + ____ + ____ + ____ = ____
Say it There are ____ groups with ____ in each group.	Multiply it ____ x ____ = ____

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## Tuesday 9<sup>th</sup> June

	<b>Add it</b>  ___ + ___ + ___ = ___
<b>Say it</b>  There are ___ groups with ___ in each group.	<b>Multiply it</b>  ___ x ___ = ___

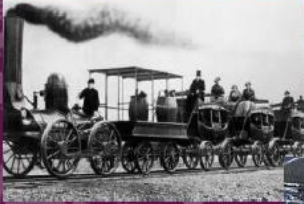
### Mastery Challenge



	<b>Add it</b>  $2 + 2 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$
<b>Say it</b>  There are 2 groups with 3 in each group.	<b>Multiply it</b>  $2 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

## Topic: History

### Trains



### Trains now and then

Take a look at the different pictures of trains and trams. Can you sort them into two groups, 'trains today' and 'trains in the past'?



- How did you know it was a train from the past?
- How are they different?
- Are there any similarities?

### Before trains

- Wagons were used in the mines.
- They ran on planks.
- They did not have engines or horses to pull them, the mine workers had to push and pull them to make them move.

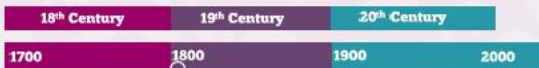


### The first railway 1604



- The first railway built in Britain was called a wagonway. It was made of wood and was only 2 miles long.
- In the 1700s and 1800s wagonways started to be made of iron as it was stronger and could hold heavier loads.
- During this time horses were used to pull the wagons rather than people.

### When was the first train invented?



- Richard Trevithick invented the first steam locomotive.
- On 21<sup>st</sup> February 1804 the world's first steam powered railway journey took place.
- It was used to move goods such as iron.



### George Stephenson



- In 1825 a new railway was opened between Stockton and Darlington. **George Stephenson** and his men built the track and the locomotive. It was the first steam train to carry passengers in the world!
- George drove the train. The engine was called 'Locomotion no.1'. It carried 450 passengers at a speed of 15 miles per hour.

## The Rocket

18 <sup>th</sup> Century	19 <sup>th</sup> Century	20 <sup>th</sup> Century
1700	1800	1900 2000

- In 1825 another railway was planned to run between Liverpool and Manchester. **George Stephenson** built a train called the 'Rocket', his train one the competition to run on the railway.
- In 1825 the line opened. The Rocket could pull people along the railway at 36 miles an hour. No one had ever travelled so fast!
- This was the first train to run between cities.



## Railway Mania

- People became very interested in trains. Tunnels and bridges started to be built which trains could travel on or through.



- By 1900 the building of the railways was almost complete.

## What difference did trains make?

Steam trains firstly carried goods, such as coal, but then people began using trains to travel between places. Remember, people never had travelled at such speeds before!

- How do you think trains changed people's lives?



- Rail travel was a lot quicker and opened up Britain.
- People could visit places they had never been to before. They could have a daytrip to the seaside!
- Rail travel was cheaper than coach travel so more people could afford to travel.
- Town and cities had cheaper food and more choice as farmers could get their produce to market quicker.

## Modern trains

Modern trains use electricity from overhead lines to power them. By the 1930s electric trains had become very popular.



## Modern Trains

In 1994, the Eurostar opened. It is a high-speed train service that connects the United Kingdom and France. The trains run through the Channel tunnel.



## Modern Trains

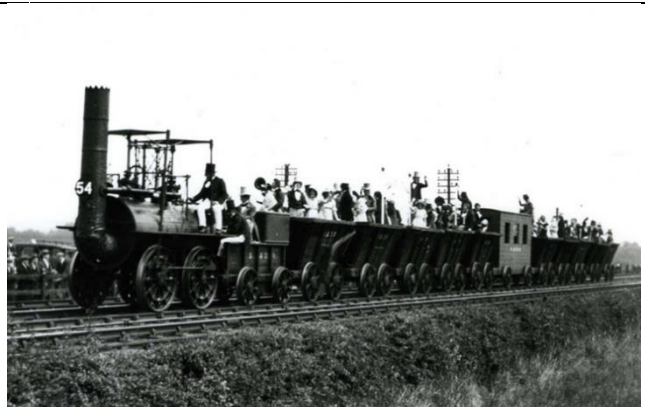
This is the Shanghai Maglev. It is the fastest train in the world! What do you think future trains will look like?



**Tuesday 9<sup>th</sup> June**

**Trains Now and Then**

Have a look at the pictures of train. Sort them into two groups, 'trains now' and 'trains in the past'.



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**Tuesday 9<sup>th</sup> June**

Now	Then

Can you write about the similarities and differences between Now and then using these sentence

This image shows a full page of handwriting practice paper. It features four identical sets of horizontal guidelines spaced evenly down the page. Each set includes three lines: a solid black top line, a dashed gray middle line, and a solid black bottom line. The paper is otherwise blank, with no margins or additional markings.

starters 'They are similar because.....' 'They are different because.....'

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