

Design and Technology Policy

February 2020

Review Date: Spring Term 2021

The Purpose of the Design and Technology Policy

This policy outlines the teaching and learning of design and technology. All children will have the opportunity to undertake design and technology throughout their time at Firs Primary School. The teaching of design and technology is planned to ensure a progression of knowledge and skills across the foundation and primary phases.

Aims (Intent)

At Firs Primary School we ensure thorough coverage of the National Curriculum objectives for design and technology, providing opportunities for children to develop their knowledge and skills in the areas of design, making, evaluating, technical knowledge and cooking and nutrition. Our aims are that:

- Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils are taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iiterative process of designing and making. They work in a range of relevant contexts. Children develop skills in designing, evaluating, making and technical knowledge.
- Children will also learn a crucial life skill through learning about nutrition and food. Pupils will be taught how to cook and apply the principles of nutrition and healthy eating. Instilling a love of cooking in pupils will also open a door to one of the great expressions of human creativity.

In addition, we aim to provide further opportunities for personal, spiritual, moral, social and cultural development through the teaching of design and technology by:

- Ensuring that children develop a greater awareness of current environmental issues through the study of the impact of modern methods of food production on the environment
- A specific emphasis on the development of vocabulary and oracy relevant to design and technology and in wider contexts, through the incorporation of discussion and vocabulary-based tasks in D&T lessons.
- Building cultural capital for our pupils by developing cross curricular links with other subjects, for instance Art and Design and History, exposing them to the best that has been said and done in the field of design and technology e.g. the opportunity to study the work of great architects and engineers including Isambard Kingdom Brunel and Cornelius Drebbel.
- Providing extra-curricular opportunities to enable children to further build upon their interests and talents in the area of design and technology e.g. children have the opportunity to take part in a STEAM club 'Destination Imagination' in which children have the opportunity to work scientifically, building on the skills learned in DT, outside of the classroom, working with other children and in different settings.

Implementation

Progression Guidance from the school's academy (DDAT) has been used in conjunction with the school's own EYFS progression guidance document to ensure that skills and knowledge in design and technology are built systematically on what children have learned in the previous key stage. Learning is revisited throughout each phase ensuring a secure foundation of skills and knowledge is in place, to prepare children for the transition to Key Stage 3.

A design and technology knowledge and skills map has been created (see appendix), which identifies the key learning and vocabulary to be taught within each topic across the school. This enables teachers to identify prior learning required for each topic and supports their planning for children working below or towards age related expectations. For each topic, staff are provided with a topic book outlining the key skills, knowledge and vocabulary – this supports teachers to recognise and build upon cross curricular links.

Design and Technology is taught for at least six half terms in every two-year topic cycle. It is taught this way in order to ensure that children benefit from meaningful cross-curricular links, which provide a context and purpose for their learning. Within the designated half termly topics, design and technology is taught as frequently as is necessary to deliver the objectives of the National Curriculum in each phase.

Lessons are adapted to meet the needs of pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND) or those with English as an additional language (EAL) through a variety of methods, for example the use of visual communication software (Communication in Print), word banks, differentiated equipment and materials, pre-teaching, additional adult support or focused small group work.

Children who require interventions to support their learning in other areas of the curriculum will have these at different times each week to ensure that they never frequently miss the same subject lesson. They are never withdrawn from class during teaching inputs.

Assessment and Recording of Work

Teachers use formative assessment throughout lessons (e.g. observations and assessment) and adapt teaching accordingly to address any misconceptions that may arise. Also, at the end of the topic, teachers complete a summative assessment based on whether children have demonstrated through their work that they have met the national curriculum objectives and progression guidance for their phase. This helps the subject leader to monitor progress and attainment in design and technology across the school.

Children in the Early Years Foundation Stage (Reception and Nursery) are assessed using the Early Years Development Matters guidance and at the end of the reception years against the Early Learning Goals. EYFS objectives within the areas of communication and language development, physical development, personal, social, and emotional development, mathematics, understanding the world and expressive arts and design all contribute to laying the foundations for effective learning in design and technology throughout the primary phase. A variety of methods are used to record work in design and technology, including pictures, structured worksheets, sketches, diagrams, flow charts, model making, written explanations, photographs, school displays and the occasional video recording. Work may be recorded in individual topic books, or in whole class topic books. Design and technology is a largely practical subject and there is no expectation that work is recorded for every lesson. Evidence shows that instant verbal feedback is the most effective form of feedback and this is prioritised in design and technology lessons, although work carried out in books should be marked in acknowledgement.

Resources

Some resources for the teaching of design and technology are held in a central store, these include equipment used for teaching food technology, mechanical and electrical products and computer programming.

Phase teams also have their own annual budget which allows them to purchase any additional materials and equipment they may need to deliver the national curriculum objectives.

Safety in Design and Technology

The safety of the children is the responsibility of the class teacher. The children are made aware of the safe use and correct procedure involved when using tools and equipment in a learning environment and how to follow proper procedures for food safety and hygiene. The children are made aware of the need to be careful and to understand that their actions can affect others. The children build up a range of skills when using equipment to reduce unnecessary risk.

- Rotary cutters are to be used with a safety ruler
- Craft knives are used only by 5/6 under direct supervision of an adult
- Glue guns are used (low temperature) under supervision.

All staff, including helpers, are made aware of food safety procedures when working with food to minimise any risks. The children wear protective clothing if necessary.

Monitoring and Review

The monitoring of the standards of children's work and of the quality of teaching in design and technology is the responsibility of the design and technology subject leader. The work of the subject leader also involves supporting colleagues in the teaching of design and technology, being informed about current developments in the subject, and providing a strategic lead and direction for the subject in the school. The design and technology subject writes an annual report in which she/he evaluates the strengths and weaknesses in the subject and indicates areas for further improvement. The design and technology subject leader has specially-allocated, regular management time in order to review evidence of the children's work and undertake lesson observations of design and technology teaching across the school.

The application of this DT policy will be monitored by the curriculum leaders and reviewed and agreed by Governors Spring 2021.

Appendix: Design and Technology Knowledge and Skills Map

	EYFS	Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
National Curriculum/EYFS Curriculum and Development Matters	Physical Development (A0-60 months) Uses simple tools to effect changes in materials Handles tools, objects, construction and malleable materials with safety and increasing control Eats a healthy range of foodstuffs and understands the need for variety in food Shows some understanding that good practices with regard to exercise, eating, sleeping and hygiene can contribute to good health Shows understanding of how to transport and store equipment safely (ELG) Children handle tools and equipment effectively Children know the importance for good health of physical exercise and a healthy diet and talk about ways to keep healthy and safe Understanding the World (A0-60 months) Completes a simple program on a computer Uses ICT software to interact with age-appropriate computer software (ELG) Children (ecoagise that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools. They select and use technology	Pupils should be taught to: design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing] select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics explore and evaluate a range of existing products explore and evaluate a range of existing products evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable explore and use mechanisms [e.g. levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products	Pupils should be taught to: use research and develop design criteria to inform the fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or gragemente, develop, model and communicate their idea exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and considered in the select from and use a wider range of tools and equiparining and finishing], accurately select from and use a wider range of materials and ingredients, according to their functional properties investigate and analyse, a range of existing products investigate and analyse, a range of existing products evaluate their ideas and products against their own work understand how key events and individuals in design apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiff understand and use mechanical systems in their pro-	se design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are outs as through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and omputer-aided design oment to perform practical tasks [e.g. outting, shaping, components, including construction materials, textiles and and aesthetic qualities design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their and technology have helped shape the world fen and reinforce more complex structures duots [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages] ots [e.g. series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers monitor and control their products d varied diet
	appropriate computer software (ELG) Children (ecognise that a range of technology is used in places such as homes	stronger, stiffer and more stable explore and use mechanisms [e.g. levers, sliders,	understand and apply the principles of a healthy an prepare and cook a variety of predominantly sayaya	d varied diet

Enchanted Woodland

Children will make a moving picture linked to an aspect of their topic or key text, which incorporates either a lever or slider.

- explore and use mechanisms [levers and/or sliders], in their products
- select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishina]

Moon Zoom

Children will learn how to make a moving vehicle incorporating wheels and exels.

- explore and use mechanisms [wheels and axles], in their products
- select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishina]
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology
- select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

Muck Mess and Mixtures

Children will explore foods from around the world, identifying their countries of origin. They will learn how to sort the foods into food types, and identify which foods are healthy/unhealthy. They will learn to prepare a number of simple healthy dishes from different cultures.

- use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes
- understand where food comes from
- select from and use a wide range of ingredients, according to their characteristics

Street Detective

Children will explore existing road and street signs, identifying their purpose and evaluating their effectiveness. They will then design their own street signs to encourage people to look after the local environment (incorporating the use of ICT).

- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology
- · explore and evaluate a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria

I am Warrior (double DT unit)

Children will research, design and make Roman or Celtic shields, evaluating their finished product against the design criteria. They will also follow a simple Roman recipe to make bread, soup or porridge

- investigate and analyse a range of existing products
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design.
- select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately
- evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work
- prepare and cook a variety of predominantly sayayry dishes using a range of cooking techniques

Playlist

Making instruments: research, develop, design, make and evaluate.

- use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern piaces and computer-aided design.
- select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately
- select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities
- investigate and analyse a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work

Tremove

Children will design and build either a model volcano that lights up, or a building that vibrates/shakes as if in an earthquake.

- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design
- select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials,

Frozan Kingdom

Children will work in groups to build large scale shelters (using the outdoor environment if possible) generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion.

- select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately
- select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities
- apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures

Bloodheart

Children will investigate and analyse a range of existing food and drinks packaging, considering materials, sustainability, attractiveness and information provided on the label. They will develop design criteria and then design their own packaging for an imaginary food product, using computer aided design techniques. They will evaluate their final design against the design criteria given.

- use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design

investigate and analyse a range of existing products

 evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work

Darwin's Delights

Children will design, build and evaluate mechanical animal models based on the Nuffield DT project.

- understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages]
 opports, develop, model and communicate their
 - generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design
- select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately
- select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their

Children will investigate a range of materials, exploring their characteristics. They will select the most suitable materials with which to make a model boat: designing, building, testing and evaluating their boat.

- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology
- select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks (e.g. cutting, shaping, joining
- select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

Bright Lights, Big City

Children will learn where bread fits within the healthy food wheel. They will learn about different types of bread and which are most/least healthy. They will learn to make bread using a simple recipe/

- use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes
- understand where food comes from

Superheroes

Children will learn about the healthy food wheel/puramid. They will learn where meat comes from, matching meat products to the animals they come from. They will learn how to make healthy snacks using fresh, unprocessed ingredients.

- use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes
- understand where food comes from
- select from and use a wide range of ingredients, according to their characteristics

Scantad Gordon

Children will explore a range of commercially available bug hotels and use these to establish design criteria for their own bug hotel. They will collect a range of natural and recycled materials and use these to make their own

- explore and evaluate a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against design
- select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishinal
- select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics
- build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable

textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities

understand and use electrical sustems in their products Te.a. series airquits incorporating switches, bulbs. buzzers and motors]

Burps, Bottoms, Bile

Children will learn about healthy and unhealthy food groups. They will learn about where different meats, fruits and vegetables come from, examining the difference between intensively reared meats and sustainable, organic and/or freerange farming methods. They will learn that fresh food is healthier than processed foods and will examine the sugar content of a range of popular drinks and snacks. They will learn how to make healthy snacks, with no added sugar.

- prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savaury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
- understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, regred, caught and processed
- select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities
- understand and apply the principles of a healthy and

Mighty Metals

Children will learn how to build and program a simple robot using a robotics kit.

- select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials. textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities
- apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products

Blue Abuss

Children will learn about Cornelius Drebbel and the invention of the Submarine, looking at the changes and improvements to Drebbel's initial design over time by other inventors/engineers, and the impact that his invention has had on the world in different contexts e.g. the use of submarines in war, science and conservation

understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world

functional properties and aesthetic qualities

- apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures
- evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work

Off With Her Hend

Children will prepare and cook a Tudor stew using seasonal vegetables

- prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
- understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed
- select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials. textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities

Pharmohs

Understand and use electrical systems in products made: design and make a board game including lights, switches, buzzers or motors.

- understand and use electrical systems in their products Te.a. series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs. huzzers and motors?
- investigate and gnaluss a range of existing products use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or arouns
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design
- select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [e.a. cutting. shaping, joining and finishing], accurately
- select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities
- evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work

LEB-YAYA PAUE 10

Towers, Turrets and Tunnels

Children will explore a variety of materials and construction techniques in order to design and build either a tower or bridge to solve a problem e.g. a bridge to reach between two tables for a model car to drive over, or a high tower to keep the treasure sofe.

- build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable
- evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria
- select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]
- select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

Time Traveller (aross-aurricular unit with art and design)

Children will design a house based on a great architect's design style (e.g. arts and crafts, brutalist, art deco etc), specifying materials in the design and examining cost effectiveness. They will build a model of their design either practically or using computer aided design. They will learn about how architectural styles have developed in response to changes in society over time

understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world

- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design
- select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately
- select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities
- investigate and analyse a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work

	Design					
	State the purpose of the design and the intended user Explore materials, make templates and mock ups e.g. moving picture / lighthouse Generate own ideas for design by drawing on own experiences or from reading	 Gather information about the needs and wants of particular individuals and groups Develop their own design criteria and use these to inform their ideas Research designs Share and clarify ideas through discussion Model their ideas using prototypes and pattern pieces Use annotated sketches, cross-sectional drawings and diagrams Use computer-aided design Carry out research, using surveys, interviews, questionnaires and web-based resources Identify the needs, wants, preferences and values of particular individuals and groups Develop a simple design specification to guide their thinking Recognise when their products have to fulfil conflicting requirements Generate innovative ideas, drawing on research Make design decisions, taking account of constraints such as time, resources and voet-based resources 				
		Make				
Progression in Skills	Select from a range of tools and equipment explaining their choices Select from a range of materials and components according to their characteristics Follow procedures for safety Use and make own templates Measure, mark out, cut out and shape materials and components Assemble, join and combine materials and component Use simple fixing materials e.g. temporary – paper clips, tape and permanent – glue, staples Use finishing techniques, including those from art and design	Select tools and equipment suitable for the task Explain their choice of tools and equipment in relation to the skills and techniques they will be using Select materials and components suitable for the task Explain their choice of materials and components according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities Order the main stages of making Produce detailed lists of tools, equipment and materials that they need Follow procedures for safety Use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials and kits, textiles, food ingredients, mechanical components and electrical components Measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and Components with some accuracy Accurately measure to nearest mm, mark out, cut and components Accurately according and compine materials.				
	Evaluate					
	Talk about their design ideas and what they are making Make simple judgements about their products and ideas against design criteria Suggest how their products could be improved Evaluating products and components used Investigate - what products are, who they are for, how they are made and what materials are used	 Identify the strengths and weaknesses of their ideas and products Consider the views of others, including intended users, to improve their work Refer back to their design criteria as they design and make Use their design criteria to evaluate their completed products Investigate - how well products have been designed, how well products have been made, why materials have been chosen, what methods of construction have been used, how well products work, how well products achieve their purposes and how well products meet user needs and wants Identify great designers and their work and use research of designers to influence work Identify the strengths and weaknesses of their ideas and products Consider the views of others, including intended users, to improve their work Consider the views of others, including intended users, to improve their work Investigate - who designed and made the products, where products were designed and made and whether products can be recycled or reused 				

Technical Knowledge Understand how to use learning from science and maths to help design and make products that work Understand about the simple working characteristics of Know that materials have both functional properties and aesthetic qualities materials and components Know that materials can be combined and mixed to create more useful characteristics · Understand about the movement of simple Know that mechanical and electrical systems have an input, process and output mechanisms including levers, sliders (Year 1) wheels Use the correct technical vocabulary for the projects they are undertaking and axles (Year 2) Understand how levers and linkages or pneumatic Understand how cams, pulleys and gears create · Understand that food ingredients should be combined sustems create movement movement according to their sensory characteristics Understand how simple electrical circuits and Understand how more complex electrical circuits and · Know the correct technical vocabulary for the components can be used to create functional products components can be used to create functional products projects they are undertaking Understand how to program a computer to control their Understand how to program a computer to monitor Understand how freestanding structures can be changes in the environment / control their products made stronger, stiffer and more stable Know how to make strong, stiff shell structures Know how to reinforce/strengthen a 3D framework Know that a single fabric shape can be used to make a Know that a 3D textiles product can be made from a 3D textiles product combination of fabric shapes . Know that food ingredients can be fresh, pre-cooked and . Know that a recipe can be adapted a by adding or processed substituting one or more ingredients Cooking and Nutrition Know that food is grown (such as tomatoes, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught Know where food comes from (such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world · Use appropriate equipment to weigh and measure Know that seasons may affect the food available Understand how food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking Prepare simple dishes safely and hygienically, without How to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, using a heat source the use of a heat source · Use techniques such as cutting How to use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, slicing, grating, mixing, spreading, kneeding and baking · Name and sort foods into the five groups of the 'eat Know that a healthy diet is made up from a variety and Know that recipes can be adapted to change the well' plate balance of different foods and drinks, as depicted in the appearance, taste, texture and aroma . Know that everyone should eat at least five portions of 'eat well' plate Know that different foods contain different substances fruit and vegetables every day · Know that to be active and healthy, food is needed to nutrients, water and fibre - that are needed for health provide energy for the body Understand the need for correct storage Measure using grams Measure accurately Follow a recipe · Work out ratios in recipes

I	hygiene	materials	linkage
	22	components	stiffen
		electrical	reinforce
	Street Detective	girquit	materials
	road sign	wires	aesthetic
	street sign		
	warning	batteries	function
	information	cells	joining
	persuasion	bulbs	mechanical
	design	buzzer	prototype
	environment	motor	
	purpose	light	Off With Her Hend
	audience	shake	locally produced
	effectiveness	vibrate	chicken/vegetable/beef stock
	design		ingredients
	attractive		weigh
	bright	Burps, Bottoms, Bile	measure hygiene
	template		peeling
	evaluate	healthy	chopping
	T-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C	unhealthy varied	
		diet	slicing
		food wheel/pyramid	grating
	Land Ahoy	sweet	mixing
	materials	savoury	grams
	plastic	sour	taste
	paper	seasonal	colour
	fabric	grown.	texture
	card	reared caught	hygiene
	metal	processed	healthy
	wood	fresh.	varied
	heavy	pre-prepared	diet
	light	intensive farming	savoury
	float	factory farming	sweet
	sink	sustainable farming/fishing	sour
	waterproof	organio	
	water resistant	free range ingredients	
	dissolve	weigh	Charrales
	evaluate	measure	electrical
	characteristics	hygiene	circuit
		peeling	wires switches
		chopping	buzzers
	Bright Lights, Big City	slicing	motors
	bread	grating	bulbs
	healthy	mixing	batteries
	unhealthy	spreading	cells
	grain	kneading	parallel circuit
	flour	baking	series circuit
	recipe	recipe	user purpose
	mix	grams	aesthetic
	stir		design
	measure	tea spoon	design criteria
	weigh	table spoon	make
	ingredients		evaluate
I	l -		strengths

	bake	Mighty Metals	weaknesses
	temperature		components
		computing	diagram
	oven		prototype
	safety	program	
	hygiene	monitor	existing products
	whisk	control	research
			functional
	dough	functional	
	knead	robot	
	wholemeal	components	Time Traveller (arass-aurricular unit with art and design)
	white	debug	architect/architecture
		Blue Abuse	style
	Superheroes		movement
	Superimon.		research
		submarine	investigate
	meat	inventor/invention	analyse
	fruit	uses	design
	vegetables		design build
		science	evaluate
	farming	war	design criteria
	fresh.		design criteria
	chicken	navy	design
	pork	conservation	floorplan
		prototype	strengthen
	beef	dive	stiffen
	fish		reinforce
	eggs	weights	Art-deco
	sheep	engineer	Brutalist
	l ·	submerge	Gothic
	cows	-	Contemporary
	pigs	surface	Tudor
	healthy	power	
			Victorian
	unhealthy		Classical
	balanced		Sustainable
	varied		Materials
	diet		
	l		
	sugar		
	grain		
	ingredients		
	characteristics		
	l .		
	recipe		
	measure		
	weigh		
	mix		
	Scentad Gorden.		
	design		
	evaluate		
	natural		
	recycled		
	materials		
	join		
	build		
	stick		
	cut		
	glue		