## **Steps to Success**

Date	Wednesday 6 <sup>th</sup> January 2021	
Subject/s	<u>Science</u>	
Learning Objective	Τσ classify living things	

		SA (M)	TA		
Success Criteria	I know "classifying" means grouping by a specific characteristic				
<b>✓!</b> ■	I can create groups and subgroups				
* • 5==	I can explain how and why I grouped the living things				
Support	Independent Adult Support ( ) Group Work				
Lockdown learning					
Key vocabulary for the lesson:					
Classifying gro	ruping characteristic species similarities differenc	ces taxo	momists		

Today, we are learning how to classify animals. When we 'classify' something, it means we put it in a group of others with the same characteristic. For example, when we sort animals, we might put all the meat eaters (carnivores) in one group and all the grass eaters (herbivores) into another group.

Watch this YouTube video to explain how to classify animals: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zn22pv4/articles/z3nbcwx

Now look at the animal pictures on the next page.

Think about all the characteristics that these animals and plants have. What is the same and what is different?

Brainstorm some ideas about what you can see.

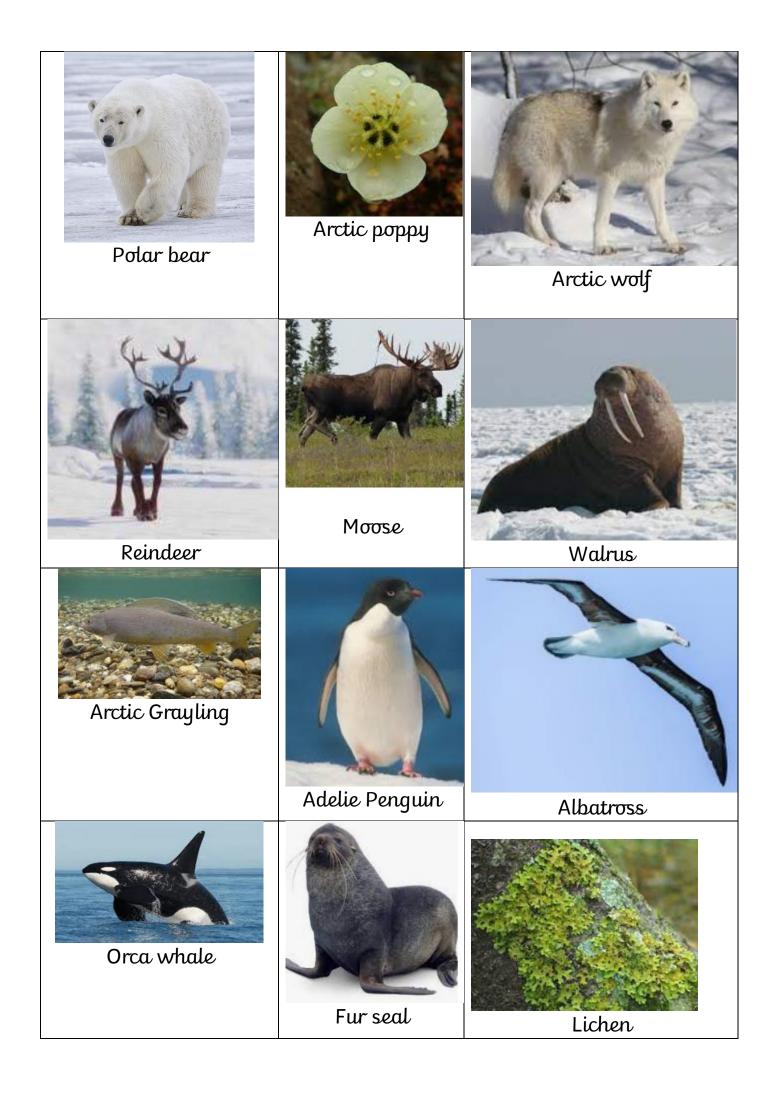
Think about what they eat? Where they live? What they look like?
What are they good at?

Characteristics of the animals

has 4 legs

## Challenge:

Can you spot a difference between the moose and the reindeer?



Now it is time to put them in groups.

Pick something that makes the animals different to each other. Use subheadings (and underline) then list the animals underneath.

For example:

Has wings:	Doesn't have wings:	
Albatross	Polar bear	
Penguin	Arctic wolf	
	Arctic poppy	
	Reindeer	
	Moose	
	Arctic Grayling	
	Orca whale	
	Fur seal	
	Lichen	
	Walrus	

Can you fill in this classification?

Can move fast:	Moves slowly:	Doesn't move.

How many groups can you make?