Warm Write

Lockdown Learning - DC			
Date	<u>Monday 1st March 2021</u>		
Subject/s	English		
	Innovate		
Learning Objective	To write a biography		

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✓! 🗐	I can follow my plan		
	I can use the text as an example for structure		
	I can use a range of writing skills from the toolkit		
Support	Independent Adult Support () Group Work		

My plan:

Generic Structure: Information, Biography	Ernest Shackleton
Introductory sentence: key information or special event	 Sir Ernest Henry Shackleton Led 3 expeditions to the Antarctic Attempted to reach South pole
Growing up: Where were they born? Siblings/family info.	 Born 15th February 1874 – Ireland, second of ten children Moved to London at age 11 Loved reading – especially about adventures Left school at 16, joined Navy & became a Master Mariner (was able to sail a British ship anywhere in the world)
First life event	 1901 – took part in Robert Falcon Scott's expedition to the Antarctic on the ship 'Discovery' - expedition had problems, Shackleton was sent home early (he was ill) 1908 - Went on 2nd expedition to the Antarctic on the 'Nimrod'. After, was knighted by King Edward VII – became Sir Ernest Shackleton
Second life event	 Put together money, ship and crew for the 'Endurance' expedition Set sail 8th August 1914 Endurance sailed the Weddell Sea – lots of pack ice, got stuck Abandoned ship – lived on ice, Shackleton led mission to get help, finally rescued the crew 30th August 1916
Death and legacy	 Planned 4th expedition but died of heart attack near South Georgia on 5th January 1922 Endurance is a lasting tale of perseverance & survival

Below is my paragraph for box 4, the Endurance expedition. Remember, you can magpie certain words or structures but your writing cannot be copied. There may be other ideas you can include in your paragraph that I haven't written into mine. We know lots about this expedition but if you need any reminders, reread the book 'Shackleton's Journey'.

<u>The Endurance</u>

In 1914, Shackleton began recruiting crew to join him on another expedition to the Antarctic. He hired 27 other men and had 69 dogs to support him and pull supplies. One of those crew members was Frank Wild, someone he had previously worked with. However, as the ship reached the deep south of the Weddell Sea, it became trapped in the pack ice. Trying to keep the crew in high morale, Shackleton encouraged the men to have dog races and he transformed part of the ship so that crew had somewhere to relax and have fun.

Despite his best efforts, Shackleton realised there was nothing he could do to save Endurance as it was crushed in between the ice. 14 months after Endurance got stuck, rations were running low and they now had to find a new way home. As the crew trusted Shackleton, they supported his new plan and began to hunt animals for food and use the rescue boats to travel back to safety. As a result of Shackleton's resilience and bravery, all his crew members survived and they journeyed back home in 1917.

Once you have finished your writing: check your capital letters, full stops and spelling.

Reread your writing to make sure it makes sense.

Check the toolkit features to make sure you have included them all.

Sent it to your teacher so they can mark it and give you feedback.

Well done everyone 😊