Computing Golden Nuggets Programming

Yea	ur 1/2	Year 3/4		Year 5/6 Cycle B Stargazers		
Cycle B Sce	ented Garden	Cycle B Might Metals	v			
 Explore an on screen turtle (or Bee BOT) navigate it around a course or grid While navigating around a course on a computer predict what will happen once the next command is entered. 	Know that devices and actions on screen may be controlled by sequences of actions and instructions Create a sequence of instructions to create a right-angled shape on screen	will do by reading the commands. Test my algorithm and recognise when to change it Navigate around Scratch (or similar) Create a repeat pattern that instructions motions by specifying the number of steps, direction and turn. Add speech Make my sprite change cotour Control what my sprite does using specified keys.	sprites and two ns id use sensing to create	 to debug, edit and improve. Create movements using co-ordinates and rotations (with degrees) Create drawings using pen shades, directions and angles. Create an animation with speech and sensing between at least 2 characters. Use 'IF' to control objects and create variables Control the sprites movement using the keyboard 		
Knowledge: Skills: To be able to move an on-screen turtle/bee-bot around a grid To use positional language when directing turtle	Knowledge: To know that the onscreen turtles can have a set of instructions to follow in order Skills: To create a sequence of instructions to create a desired shape using an onscreen turtle	Knowledge: To know that timings can be used be characters to make sure everything he order Skills: To test my algorithm my pressing the say whether it did what I wanted it to To be able to create an algorithm with commands.	uppens in the right 'green flag' and o or not	Knowledge: To know that 'debugging' is the process of identifying and removing Skills: To be able to explain what a specific algorithm will do when ran To be able to explain why an algorithm will or won't work		
Yea	ur 1/2	Year 3/4		Y	/ear 5/6	
Cycle A M	Ioon Zoom	Cycle B Traiders and Rai	ders	Cycle A Darwin's Delights		
 Explore a range of control toys and devices Explore outcomes when individual buttons are pressed on a robot Follow instructions to move around a course Create a series instructions to move their peers around a course Have experiences of controlling other devices such as sound recording devices, music players, video recording equipment and digital cameras 	Talk about how everyday devices can be controlled. Control a floor robot using appropriate buttons, Make predictions and estimate distances and turns. Create a sequence of instructions to control a programmable robot to carry out a pre-determined route to include direction, distance and turn.	programmable robot to creating a set list of instructions for a on screen robot (e.g Textease turtle) Use an on screen robot to draw a path Draw us linking t properties	about what I/real life objects uses and discuss what rithms will tell them an algorithm is a set ctions. ing pen up and down heir knowledge of s of shapes	Begin to think logically to analyse a simple game and discuss what the different algorithms should instruct. Begin to create a simple game between two sprites.	Create a game that uses a range of commands including sensing, movement, variables and IF THEN. http://www.simonhaughton.co.uk/scratch-programming/	
Knowledge: • To know that when toys move, make sounds, understand	To know that every day items that involve technology and control	 Knowledge: To know that an algorithm is a set of To know that everyday/real life object algorithms (moving/speaking toys) 			lain that the IF THEN function controls if the statement is true and doesn't happen if	

	that this links to	such as a microwave,	<u>Skills:</u>		<u>Skills:</u>	
	computer	laptop etc. They will start	•	To be able to create a simple algorithm for an on-screen	•	To create a game between two sprites that can be played by others
	programming.	to talk about why objects		turtle follow		
<u>Skills:</u>		need to be controllable.		•		
•	To use toys and	Skills:				
	robots and explain	 To make predictions 				
	what the buttons tell	of distances and				
	the computer to do.	turns when				
•	To follow and create	controlling an on				
	instructions to move	screen robot				
	around a course					

Computing Golden Nuggets Multimedia

1*IttitiTiettiti								
Year 1/2		Year	3/4	Year 5/6				
Cycle A Rio De Vida		Cycle B Burps, B	•	Cycle B Alchemy Island				
 Develop familiarity with the keyboard - spacebar, backspace, shift, enter, to provide text on screen that is clear and error free Select appropriate images Add text to photographs, graphics (images) and sound e.g. captions, labelling and simple sentences through the use of e.g. 2create A Story To print To save with help 	Use the mouse or arrow keys to insert words and sentences.	 Combine a mixture of text and graphics to share my ideas in a presentation Continue to make appropriate choices about fonts, images, size through peer assessment and self evaluation, evaluate design and make suitable improvements Begin to use more than two fingers to enter text 	 Use word art and animations when creating a presentation whilst considering the appropriate audience Use a spell checker Use more than two fingers when typing 	 Design in response to a given criteria Create simple hyperlinks and buttons in a presentation Insert videos into a presentation Begin to use two hands when typing Evaluate websites and current publications in terms of colour, font, pictures and use this to inform their own work 	Create a presentation using timings, auto play and more complicated hyperlinks Type confidently with two hands Edit their presentation in response to peer feedback and considering the audience Insert text boxes and use columns to create a more interesting layout			
Knowledge: Skills: To be able to use a keyboard efficiently: spacebar, backspace, shift, enter To print To save with help	Skills: To be able to explain to a partner how their work can be improved to make the presentation more suitable for the audience: font, images and size To be able to include text and graphics in a presentation		Knowledge: To know that font colour and background colour should complement each other and not distract the reader Skills: To create a hyperlink in a presentation To evaluate and explain the positives and negatives of page layouts					
Year 1/2		Year	•	Year	~5/6			
Cycle B Paws, Claws and		Cycle A		100, 0, 0				
 Use a paint package to create a picture to communicate their ideas: Explore shape, line and colour, talk about their choice of tools, talk about the differences between a graphics package and paper based art activities (undo, changes quickly and easily made) 	Develop hasic editing skills-including different presentational features (font size, colour and style) Save, print, retrieve and amend their work Use appropriate editing tools to improve their work.		 Explore new media such as making videos Record using a programme 					
To know there are different tools in a programme: shapes, lines, colours To know the differences between a graphics programme and paper based art activities (undo, changes quickly, easily made) Skills: To able to use different tools in a paint package	Knowledge: To know that work can be edited by changed: font size, colour, style Skills: To be able to save, print, retrieve and amend their work	Knowledge: To know that you need to import the video to move between the different devices (camera and computer) To know that videos can be edited to remove unwanted parts/make the video shorter E, Skills: To be able to record a video using digital cameras		Knowledge: Skills:				
Year 1/2		Year	3/4	Year 5/6				
Cycle B Towers, Tunnels o	ınd Turrets	Cycle A I	Predator	Cycle A B	loodheart			
To make animated pictures/drawings in 2create a story (https://www.yautube.com/watch?v=u6NlVyMqJf0 seesaw example)	To create a stop frame animation using one drawing	 To create a stop frame animation using two objects and one body 	To create a stop frame animation with two objects including movement and speech.	To create a stop frame animation with two objects and a background/set.				

	movement e.g. waving or walking	
 Knowledge: To know that animation is making something that doesn't move by itself (drawing, model, inanimate object) look like it is moving To know that a cartoon is an example of stop frame animation and talk about this in relation programmes they have watched Skills: To be able to use positional language in sequence to create instructions: left, right, up, down, diagonal, circular, etc. 	Knowledge: To know a stop frame animations is a set of pictures played at speed to look like a video Skills: To create a stop frame animation using a drawing or object	Knowledge: Skills: To be able to create a stop frame animation using multiple objects and movements

Computing Golden Nuggets Handling Data

Training Data							
Yea	r 1/2	Year	-	Yea	r 5/6		
Cycle A Street Detectives		Cycle B B	lue Abyss	Cycle A Frozen Kingdom			
To navigate around a pre-made branching database	Sort at least 3 pictures using a branching database	Use a branch database to answer questions Make a branch database with at least 4 pictures.	 create and use a branching database to organise, reorganise and analyse information. 	Choose an appropriate programme to represent information	To know when a database might be useful Create a database that enables you to search through entries using fields		
Knowledge: To know a branching database sort groups of objects Skills: To be able to use a branching database to answer questions	Knowledge: Skills: To be able to come up with questions to sort the pictures	A branching database is objects. Open-ended questions to give a free-form answipe answered with "Yes' set of possible answers. Skills:	used to represent and sort data is a way of classifying a group of are questions that allow someone wer. Closed-ended questions can 'or "No," or they have a limited question using a branching	Knowledge: To know that a database organ To know that a database allow find answers to questions timel Skills: To be able to search a database	s you to input a lot of information and y and accurately		
Yea	Year 1/2		Year 3/4 Cycle A Tribal Tales		Year 5/6 Cycle B Off with Her Head		
		Use a datalogger remotely (without a computer) To read the 3 different measurements of a data- logger To create environments/ situations where those readings change	 Use a data logger for snapshot readings To retrieve saved information from a log box To use log box information to draw graphs/tables 	can be used for To create an investigation to use the data logger to record information To begin to link the data-logger components to variables in science	ie and interpret information from a data logger ruse computing programmes linked with the data gger rchoose how to record and represent information rm a data logger using a computer		
Knowledge: Skills:	Knowledge: Skills:	 Knowledge: To know a data logger can be used to record sound, light and temperature 		Knowledge: To know that a data logger car thermometer Skills:	n provide greater accuracy than reading a		
Year 1/2		Skills: To be able to use a data logger to record snap shots To be able to retrieve information from a log box		To interpret line graphs formed by the data logger			
		Year 3/4		Cycle A H	r 5/6 ota Mexico		
				 Understand cells in a spreadsheet to enter formulae for the four operations (+-x/) into a spreadsheet to use 'SUM' to calculate the total of a set of numbers in a range of cells. 			

Knowledge:	Knowledge:	Knowledge:	Knowled	<u>dge:</u>
•	•	•	•	To know that the cells are the box in a spreadsheet
Skills:	Skills:		•	To know that formulas 'answers' change automatically when you change
•	•	Skills:		the value inside of the cell
		•	Skills:	
			•	To recall and use the SUM formula

Computing Golden Nuggets Technology in our Lives



To use a website to answer questions To know that the websites have authors just like books Skills: Skills:	To know that searches in a search engine need to be specific key words, not a full sentence Skills: •	To know that the search engines are ranked: The more links that point to a webpage, the more useful it will seem. This means it will appear higher up in the results. Skills: •
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Computing Golden Nuggets E-Safety

	EYFS	Year	1/2	Year	Year 3/4		5/6		
		Cycle A Enchan	rted Woodland	Cycle A Gods	s and Mortals	Cycle A A Child's War			
	EYFS (4+)	Key Stage 1		Lower Key Stage 2		Upper Key Stage 2			
Self-Identity	I can recognise, online or offline, that anyone can say no/please stop/I'll tell/I'll ask to somebody who makes them feel sad, uncomfortable, embarrassed or upset	I can recognise that there may be people online who could make someone feel sad, embarrassed or upset If something happens that makes me feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened I can give examples of when and how to speak to an adult I can trust and how they can help.	I can explain how other people may look and act differently online and offline I can give examples of issues online that might make someone feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened; I can give examples of how they might get help.	I can explain what is meant by the term identity I can explain how people can represent themselves in different ways online I can explain ways in which someone might change their identify depending on what they are doing online (e.g. gaming; using an avatar; social media) and why	I can explain how my online identity can be different to hy offline identity I can describe positive ways for someone to interact with others online and understand how this will positively impact on how others perceive them I can explain that others online can pretend to be someone else including by friends, and can suggest reasons why they might do this	I can explain how identity online can be copied, modified or altered. I can demonstrate how to make responsible choices about having an online identity, depending on context.	I can identify and critically evaluate online content relating to gender, race, religion, disability, culture and other groups, and explain why it is important to challenge and reject inappropriate representations online. I can describe issues online that could make anyone feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened. I know and can give examples of how to get help, both on and offline. I can explain the importance of asking until I get the help needed.		
Online Reputation	I can identify ways that I can put information on the internet	I can recognise that information can stay online and could be copied. I can describe what information I should not put online without asking a trusted adult first	I can explain how information put online about someone can last for a long time I can describe how anyone's online information could be seen by others I know who to talk to if something has been put online without consent or if it is incorrect.	I can explain how to search for information about others online I can give examples of what anyone may or may not be willing to share about themselves online. I can explain the need to be careful before sharing anything personal I can explain who someone can ask if they are unsure about putting something online	I can describe how to find out information about others by searching online I can explain ways that some of the information about anyone online could have been created copied or shared by others	I can search for information about an individual online and summarise the information found I can describe ways that information about anyone online can be used by others to make judgements about an individual, and why these may be incorrect.	I can explain the ways in which anyone can develop a positive online reputation I can explain strategies anyone can use to protect their 'digital personality' and online reputation, including degrees of anonymity.		

Online Relationships	I can recognise some ways in which they internet can be used to communicate I can give examples of how I (might) use technology to communicate with people I know:	I can give examples of when I should ask permission to do something online and explain why this is important I can use the internet with adult support to communicate with people I know (e.g. video call apps or services). I can explain why it is important to be considerate and kind to people online and to respect their choices. I can explain why things one persons finds funny or sad online may not always be seen in the same way by others.	I can give examples of how someone might use technology to communicate with others they don't also know offline and explain why this might be risky. I can explain who I should ask before sharing things about myself or others online. I can describe different ways to ask for, give or deny my permission online and can identify who to ask for help if I am unsure. I can explain why I have a right to say 'no' or 'I will have to ask someone.' I can explain who can help me if I feel under pressure to agree to something I am unsure about or don't want to do. I can identify who can help me if something happens online without my consent. I can explain how it may make others feel if I do not ask their permission or ignore their answers before sharing something about them online. I can explain why I should always ask a trusted adult before clicking	I can describe ways people have similar likes and interests can get together online. I can explain what it means to know someone' online and why this might be different from knowing someone offline. I can explain what is meant by 'trusting someone online,' and why it is important to be careful about who to trust online including what information and content they are trusted with. I can explain why someone may change their mind about trusting anyone with something if they feel nervous, uncomfortable or worried. I can explain how someone's feelings can be hurt by what is said or written online. I can explain the importance of giving and gaining permission before sharing things online; how the principles of sharing online; how the principles of sharing online; how images and videos.	I can describe strategies for safe and fun experiences in a range of online social environments (e.g. live streaming, gaming platforms) I can give examples of how to be respectful to others online and describe how to recognise healthy and unhealthy online behaviours. I can explain how content shared online may feel unimportant to other people's thoughts, feelings and heliefs.	I can give examples of technology specific forms of communication (e.g. emojis, memes and GIFS) I can explain that there are some people I communicate with online who may want to do me or my friends harm. I can recognise that this is not my/our fault. I can describe some of the ways people may be involved in online communities and describe how they might collaborate constructively with others and make positive contributions (e.g. gaming communities or social media groups)	I can explain how sharing something online may have an impact either positively or negatively. I can describe how to be kind and show respect for others online including the importance of respecting boundaries regarding what is shared about them online and how to support them if others do not. I can describe how things shared privately online can have unintended consequences for others (e.g. screen grabs).
Online Bullying	I can describe the ways that some people can be unkind online I can offer examples of how this can make others feel	I can describe how to behave online in ways that do not upset others and can give examples	'yes' 'agree' or 'accept' online I can explain what bullying is, how people may bully others and how bullying can make someone feel. I can explain why anyone who experiences bullying not to blame. I can talk about how anyone experiencing bullying can get help.	I can describe appropriate ways to behave towards other people online and why this is important. I can give examples of how bullying behaviour could appear online and how someone can get support.	I can recognise when someone is upset, hurt or angry online. I can describe ways people can be bullied through a range of media (e.g. image, video, text, chat) I can explain why people need to think carefully about how content they post might affect others, their feelings and how it may affect how others feel about them (their reputation).	I can recognise online bullying can be different to bullying in the physical world and can describe some of those differences. I can describe how what one person perceives as playful joting and teasing (including 'banter') might be experienced by others as bullying. I can explain how anyone can get help if they are being bullied online and identify when to tell a trusted adult. I can identify a range of ways to report concerns and access support both in school and at home about online bullying. I can explain how to block abusive users. I can describe the helpline services which can help people experiencing bullying, and how to access them (e.g. Childline or The Mix).	I can describe how to capture bullying content as evidence (e.g. screen grab, URL, profile) to share with others who can help me. I can explain how someone would report online bullying in different contexts.

	EYFS	Year 1/2		Year	~3/4	Year	-5/6	
	2.7.0	Cycle B Bright Lights, Big City		Cycle B Heroe	s and Villains		Cycle B Peasants, Princes and Pestilence	
Managing Online Information	I can talk about how to use the internet as a way of finding information online. I can identify devices I could use to access information on the internet.	I can give simple examples of how to find information using digital technologies, e.g. search engines, voice activated searching). I know / understand that we can encounter a range of things online including things we like and don't like as well as things which are real or make believe / a joke. I know how to get help from a trusted adult if we see content that makes us feel sad, uncomfortable worned or frightened.	I can use simple keywords in search engines. I can demonstrate how to navigate a simple webpage to get to information. I need (e.g. home, forward, back huttons; links, tabs and sections). I can explain what voice activated searching is and how it might be used, and know it is not a real person (e.g. Alexa, Google Now, Siri). I can explain the difference between things that are imaginary, 'made up' or 'make believe' and things that are 'true' or 'real'. I can explain why some information. I find online may not be real or true.	I can demonstrate how to use key phrases in search engines to gather accurate information online. I can explain what autocomplete is and how to choose the best suggestion. I can explain how the internet can be used to sell and buy things. I can explain the difference between a 'belief', an 'opinion' and a 'fact and can give examples of how and where they might be shared online, e.g. in videos, memes, posts, news stories etc. I can explain that not all opinions shared may be accepted as true or fair by others (e.g. monsters under the bed). I can describe and demonstrate how we can get help from a trusted adult if we see content that makes us feel sad, uncomfortable worried or frightened.	I can analyse information to make a judgement about probable accuracy and I understand why it is important to make my own decisions regarding content and that my decisions are respected by others. I can describe how to search for information within a wide group of technologies and make a judgement about the probable accuracy (e.g. social media, image sites, video sites). I can describe some of the methods used to encourage people to huy things online (e.g. advertising offers; in-app purchases, pop-ups) and can recognise some of these when they appear online. I can explain why lots of people sharing the same opinions or beliefs online dor not make those opinions or beliefs true. I can explain that technology can be designed to act like or impersonate living things (e.g. bots) and describe what the benefits and the risks might be. I can explain what is meant by fake news e.g. why some people will create stories or alter photographs and put them omline to pretend something is true when it isn't.	I can explain the benefits and limitations of using different types of search technologies e.g. voice-activation search engine. I can explain how some technology can limit the information I aim presented with e.g. voice-activated searching giving one result. I can explain what is meant by 'being sceptical'; I can give examples of when and why it is important to be 'sceptical'. I can evaluate digital content and can explain how to make choices about what is trustworthy e.g. differentiating between adverts and search results. I can explain key concepts including: information, reviews, fact, opinion, belief, validity, reliability and evidence. I can identify ways the internet can draw us to information for different agendas, e.g. website notifications, pop-ups, targeted ads. I can describe ways of identifying when online content has been commercially sponsored or boosted, (e.g. by commercial companies or by vloggers, content creators, influencers). I can explain what is meant by the term 'stereotype', how 'stereotypes' are amplified and reinforced online, and why accepting 'stereotypes' are amplified and reinforced online, and why accepting 'stereotypes' are amplified and reinforced online, and why accepting 'stereotypes' are amplified and reinforced online, and why accepting 'stereotypes' are amplified and reinforced online, and why accepting 'stereotypes' are amplified and reinforced online, and why accepting 'stereotypes' are amplified and reinforced online, and why accepting 'stereotypes' are amplified and reinforced online, and why accepting 'stereotypes' are amplified and reinforced online, and why accepting 'stereotypes' are amplified and reinforced online, and why accepting 'stereotypes' may influence how people think about others. I can explain what is meant by a 'hoxx'. I can explain why someone would need to think carefully before they share.	I can explain how search engines work and how results are selected and ranked. I can explain how to use search technologies effectively. I can describe how some online information can be opiniom and can offer examples. I can explain how and why some people may present 'opinions' as 'facts'; why the popularity of an opinion or the personalities of those promoting it dores not necessarily make it true, fair or perhaps even legal. I can define the terms 'influence', 'manipulation' and 'persuasion' and explain how someone might encounter these online (e.g. advertising and 'ad targeting' and targeting for fake news). I understand the concept of persuasive design and how it can be used to influences peoples' choices. I can demonstrate how to analyse and evaluate the validity of 'facts' and information and I can explain why using these strategies are important. I can explain how companies and news providers target people with online news stories they are more likely to engage with and how to recognise this. I can describe the difference between online misinformation and disinformation. I can explain why information that is on a large number of sites may still be inaccurate or untrue. I can assess how this might happen (e.g. the sharing of misinformation or disinformation). I can identify, flag and report inappropriate content	
Health, well-being and lifestyle	I can identify rules that help keep us safe and healthy in and beyond the home when using technology. I can give some simple examples of these rules.	I can explain rules to keep myself safe when using technology both in and beyond the home.	I can explain simple guidance for using technology in different environments and settings e.g. accessing online technologies in public places and the home environment. I can say how those rules / guides can help anyone accessing online technologies.	I can explain why spending too much time using technology can sometimes have a negative impact on anyone, e.g. mood, sleep, body, relationships; I can give some examples of both positive and negative activities where it is easy to spend a lot of time engaged (e.g. doing homework, games, films, videos). I can explain why some online activities have age restrictions, why it is important to follow them and know who I can talk to if others pressure me to watch or do something online that makes me feel uncomfortable (e.g. age restricted gaming or web sites).	I can explain how using technology can be a distraction from other things, in both a positive and negative way. I can identify times or situations when someone may need to limit the amount of time they use technology e.g. I can suggest strategies to help with limiting this time.	I can describe ways technology can affect health and well-being both positively (e.g. mindfulness apps) and negatively. I can describe some strategies, tips or advice to promote health and wellbeing with regards to technology. I recognise the benefits and risks of accessing information about health and well-being online and how we should balance this with talking to trusted adults and professionals. I can explain how and why some apps and games may request or take payment for additional content (e.g. in-app purchases, lootboxes) and explain the importance of seeking permission from a trusted adult before purchasing.	I can describe common systems that regulate age-related content (e.g. PEGI, BBFC, parental warnings) and describe their purpose. I recognise and can discuss the pressures that technology can place on someone and how / when they could manage this. I can recognise features of persuasive design and how they are used to keep users engaged (current and future use). I can assess and action different strategies to limit the impact of technology on health (e.g. night-shift mode, regular breaks, correct posture, sleep, diet and exercise).	

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	I can identify some simple examples	I can explain that passwords are used	I can explain how passwords can be	I can describe simple strategies for	I can describe strategies for keeping	I can explain what a strong password	I can describe effective ways people
Security	of my personal information (e.g.	to protect information, accounts and	used to protect information, accounts	creating and keeping passwords	personal information private,	is and demonstrate how to create one.	can manage passwords (e.g. storing
ਕ੍ਰ	name, address, birthday, age,	devices.	and devices.	private.	depending on context.	I can explain how many free apps or	them securely or saving them in the
r S	location).	I can recognise more detailed	I can explain and give examples of	I can give reasons why someone	I can explain that internet use is never	services may read and share private	browser).
and	I can describe who would be	examples of information that is	what is meant by 'private' and	should only share information with	fully private and is monitored, e.g.	information (e.g. friends, contacts,	I can explain what to do if a
	trustworthy to share this information	personal to someone (e.g where	'keeping things private'	people they choose to and can trust. I	adult supervision.	likes, images, videos, voice,	password is shared, lost or stolen.
Privacy	with; I can explain why they are	someone lives and goes to school,	I can describe and explain some rules	can explain that if they are not sure or	I can describe how some online	messages, geolocation) with others.	I can describe how and why people
Pri	trusted.	family names).	for keeping personal information	feel pressured then they should tell a	services may seek consent to store	I can explain what app permissions	should keep their software and apps
		I can explain why it is important to	private (e.g. creating and protecting	trusted adult.	information about me; I know how to	are and can give some examples.	up to date, e.g. auto updates.
		always ask a trusted adult before	passwords).	I can describe how connected devices	respond appropriately and who I can		I can describe simple ways to increase
		sharing any personal information	I can explain how some people may	can collect and share anyone's	ask if I am not sure.		privacy on apps and services that
		online, belonging to myself or others.	have devices in their homes connected	information with others.	I know what the digital age of		provide privacy settings.
			to the internet and give examples (e.g.		consent is and the impact this has on		I can describe ways in which some
			lights, fridges, toys, televisions).		online services asking for consent.		online content targets people to gain
							money or information illegally; I can
							describe strategies to help me identify
							such content (e.g. scams, phishing).
							I know that online services have terms
							and conditions that govern their use.
à	I know that work I create belongs to	I can explain why work I create using	I can recognise that content on the	I can explain why copying someone	When searching on the internet for	I can assess and justify when it is	I can demonstrate the use of search
ship	me.	technology belongs to me.	internet may belong to other people	else's work from the internet without	content to use, I can explain why I	acceptable to use the work of others.	tools to find and access online content
و	I can name my work so that others	I can say why it belongs to me (e.g.	I can describe why other people's	permission isn't fair and can explain	need to consider who owns it and	I can give examples of content that is	which can be reused by others.
o	know it belongs to me.	'I designed it' or 'I filmed it'').	work belongs to them.	what problems this might cause.	whether I have the right to reuse it.	permitted to be reused and know how	I can demonstrate how to make
		I can save my work under a suitable			I can give some simple examples of	this content can be found online.	references to and acknowledge
and		title / name so that others know it			content which I must not use without		sources I have used from the internet.
Copyright		belongs to me (e.g. filename, name on			permission from the owner, e.g.		
· 2		content).			videos, music, images.		
l g		I understand that work created by					
<u>്</u>		others does not belong to me even if I					
		save a copy					